Forging partnerships to stimulate Agricultural Research for Development

ASARECA and other Pillar 4 Institutions are set to start implementation of the Development Smart Innovation through Research in Agriculture (DeSIRA) project, supported by a grant from the European Commission (EC) and managed by the International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD). The five-year programme is valued at USD 30 million. Other Pillar 4 Institutions include the Agricultural Forum for African Advisory Services (AFAAS), the Centre for Coordination of Agricultural Research and Development for Southern Africa (CCARDESA), the West and Central African Council for Agricultural Research and Development (CORAF) and Forum for Agricultural Research in Africa (FARA). The project is uniquely designed to promote food and nutrition security, economic development and climate change mitigation in Africa by improving the capacity and effectiveness of the sub-regional organisations (SROs) to deliver high quality scientific outputs. Meanwhile, ASARECA and the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA) have revised their existing Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) to boost collaboration and strengthen relations between the two African institutions. This and other updates in this issue

Prof. Jean Jacques Mbonigaba Muhinda  
Executive Secretary—ASARECA

ASARECA News

1. ASARECA work on Agro-

Tanzania
2. ASARECA kicks off implementation of CAADP-XP4 project targeting climate change mitigation
3. ASARECA, COMESA renew MoU to strengthen collaboration
4. COMESA, ASARECA well aligned to Africa’s priorities, says Secretary General
5. ASARECA in talks with Center for Global Development on Biotechnology Research and Development

News from our Partners

Kenya
Obviously the largest economy in East Africa, Kenya appears to be on track towards legitimizing GMOs. The Cabinet is expected to soon decide on lifting the ban on GMOs, a move that will likely be closely watched by other Eastern and Central Africa countries including Uganda and Tanzania where research and contained trials of GM crops are ongoing. In this analytical article, we ask: Will Kenya’s positive move towards GMOs influence her EAC neighbours?

Rwanda
In an intensified effort to fight stunting, which has become a national concern, the Rwanda has introduced five new sweet potato varieties. Rwanda: New Sweet Potato Variety Introduced To Fight Stunting.

USAID
The US Agency for International Development (USAID) plans to invest $70 million in new agricultural biotechnology initiatives to help deal with food insecurity challenges across the world. The package provides new collaboration opportunities for businesses, NGOs, universities and others to co-create the next generation with agricultural biotechnology investments. Details in the article: USAID to invest $70 million in new Farming in Tanzania have become a critical part and parcel of the generation and relaying of information that technical and policy leaders need to make key decisions in agriculture and irrigation sectors. The farmers under the Virtual Irrigation Academy (VIA), use data signals to irrigate their farms in some of the most water and nutrient efficient ways. Together with technical data collectors, they connect Wi-Fi readers to the tools installed in their fields, hence relaying data instantly to the VIA online platform. The platform is accessed by the National Project Manager, the Research facilitator; the National Project Coordinator and the project facilitators at Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organization (CSIRO) based in Australia. Explore this exciting model in this article: Data rules: How technology intelligent farmers are influencing decisions and policies affecting them

Tanzania
Staying with Dodoma, Tanzania, meet Ms Kibia, Meshack Ntoga and Robert Kilewa, farmers who have defied their hostile environment to make a living. Dodoma receives only four months of rain starting from December and ending just about April. End of story for the agricultural calendar. So how do the farmers here manage the remaining part of the year? See details in this article: Achievements, challenges and opportunities for Tanzania Irrigation
Ethiopia
The Ethiopian Institute of Agricultural Research (EIAR) is in the process of integrating the latest technology for data digitalization across its breeding programs, starting with bean, sorghum and chickpea. A big push has now been given in this endeavor, with extensive work and training sessions with the Integrated Breeding Platform (IBP) for the deployment of its Breeding Management System (BMS), from 12-29 March, at various locations across the country. Learn more in this article: Ethiopia: Forging Ahead with Breeding Digitalization

Madagascar
The traditional farming practice causes tens of thousands of acres of Madagascan forest to be destroyed each year. Now the island's government is calling on the international community to help it fight the flames. Details: Madagascar calls for help to tackle slash-and-burn deforestation

Uganda
Uganda’s Ministry of Agriculture Animal Industry and Fisheries has kick-started the rollout of the Nucleus Farmer model. Unveiled by Hon. Vincent Bamulangaki Ssempija, the Minister for Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries, the model promotes an exemplary farmer at village level, who has adopted best practices of Agriculture as promoted by the Ministry. The selected farmer serves as the area’s link to, among others, government mechanisation and irrigation services, agricultural financing, technologies, highly-productive crop varieties and animal breeds et cetera. Learn more on this model from Uganda’s example: Roll-out of Nucleus Farmer Model by the Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries Under Way

AR4D Events

Featured Event: November 25 to 29th, 2019 in Abidjan, Cote d’Ivoire: The 4th AFAAS Africa-Wide Agricultural Extension Week (AAEW) will be held in Abidjan, Cote d’Ivoire from 25th to 29th November 2019 with a focus on building synergies between Public and Private Sector Agricultural Extension and Advisory Services (AEAS) for Sustainable Agricultural Development in Africa. The event will be embedded in the Agricultural and Animal Resources Fair (SARA).

Other Events
1. December 2-13, 2019 in IFEMA- Feria de Madrid, Spain: The 2019 United Nations Climate Change Conference. This is an update on the venue change from Santiago, Chile.
Publication

Mulching effects on soil nutrient levels and yield in coffee farming systems in Rwanda

Authors: Innocent Nzeyimana, Alfred E. Hartemink, Coen Ritsema, Jean Jacques M. Mbonigaba, Violette Geissen

While the use of mulching material in coffee farming in Rwanda is still scarce due to the unavailability of the required biomass, a recent study has recommended the adoption of a strategy for managing locally available mulches to improve soil fertility and coffee yield. The study aimed at assessing the effects of the different organic mulches applied in coffee farming on soil fertility and coffee yields in different agro-ecological zones of Rwanda, shows that organic mulches improve soil nutrient levels. Amounts of nutrients released into the soils were regulated depending on the mulch type [biomass] applied and the environmental. The study confirms that adding high quantities of organic mulches to the soils per se does not necessarily improve soil fertility. It shows that different mulches have different effects in supplying nutrients to soils depending on the quality of the mulch materials, climatic conditions and soil types.